

Package: ExamPAData (via r-universe)

October 11, 2024

Type Package

Title Data Sets for Predictive Analytics Exam

Version 0.5.0

Date 2021-10-20

Description Contains all data sets for Exam PA: Predictive Analytics
at <<https://exampa.net/>>.

URL <https://github.com/sdcastillo/ExamPAData>

BugReports <https://github.com/sdcastillo/ExamPAData/issues>

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Repository <https://sdcastillo.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/sdcastillo/exampadata>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha fa4f89ed45baccff70c5027a1bca12da85211e41

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actuary_salaries	<i>DW Simpson actuarial salary data</i>
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Description

The data actuary_salaries contains the salaries of actuaries collected from the DW Simpson survey.

Usage

actuary_salaries

Format

- data.frame, 138 observations of 6 variables:
- industry** The industry of the actuary, having values of Casualty, Health, Pension, and Life
 - exams** The number of exams passed. Values of ASA, FSA, 5,4,3,2,1
 - experience** Years of experience, in the range 1 - 20
 - salary** Annual salary range, in \$1,000
 - salary_low** Lower end of the annual salary range
 - salary_high** Higher end of the annual salary range

apartment_apps	<i>Apartment Apps</i>
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Description

Apartment applications as used in ExamPA.net’s Practice Exam

Usage

apartment_apps

Format

data.frame, 1430 observations of 41 variables:

applicants The total number of people who apply for a lease at that apartment building, including all apartment units.

sale_price The sale price of each apartment unit.

num_units The number of units in the apartment building.

year_sold Year that apartment building was sold or remodeled.

month_sold Month that apartment building was sold or remodeled.

overall_qual Rates the overall material and finish of the building on a scale from 1 to 10 with 10 being the best and 1 being the worst.

total_sq_feet Total square feet.

gr_liv_area Above ground living area in square feet.

tot_bathrooms The number of bathroom of each unit.

lot_area Lot size in square feet.

exter_qual Rates the external quality of the building on a scale from 1 to 10 with 10 being the best and 1 being the worst.

full_bath The number of full-size bathroom in each unit.

central_air Whether or not each unit has a central air conditioning system (1 = yes, 0 = no).

garage_type_attchd 1 = Attached garage.

garage_type_basment 1 = Basement garage.

garage_type_builtIn 1 = Build in garage.

garage_type_detchd 1 = Detached garage.

garage_type_no_garage 1 = No garage.

NeighborhoodBrDale 1 = Dale

neighborhood_brk_side 1 = Brookside.

neighborhood_clear_cr 1 = Clear Circle.

neighborhood_collg_cr 1 = College Circle.

neighborhood_crawfor 1 = Crawford.

neighborhood_edwards 1 = Edwards.

neighborhood_gilbert 1 = Gilbert.

neighborhood_idotrr 1 = DOTRR.

neighborhood_meadowv 1 = Meadow.

neighborhood_mitchel 1 = Mitchel.

neighborhood_n_ames 1 = North Ames

neighborhood_n_ridge 1 = North Ridge.

neighborhood_n_ridge_hghts 1 = North Ridge Heights.

neighborhood_n_w_ames 1 = North West Ames.

neighborhood_old_town 1 = Old Town.
neighborhood_sawyer 1 = Sawyer.
neighborhood_sawyer_w 1 = Sawyer West.
neighborhood_somerst 1 = Somer St.
neighborhood_stone_br 1 = Stone Bridge.
neighborhood_swisu 1 = SWISU.
neighborhood_timber 1 = Timber.
neighborhood_veenker 1 = Veenker.
neighborhood_saleprice The mean sale price for all units in that neighborhood.

 auto_claim

Automotive claims

Description

Automotive claims

Usage

auto_claim

Format

data.frame, 10296 observations of 29 variables:

POLICYNO Policy number.

PLCYDATE Date that policy was signed.

CLM_FREQ5 Number of claims.

CLM_AMT5 Aggregate claim loss of policy (in thousands).

CLM_AMT

KIDSDRIV Number of child passengers.

TRAVTIME Time to commute.

CAR_USE (1) Private or (2) commercial use.

BLUEBOOK (log) car value.

RETAINED Whether the policy was retained or not.

NPOLICY Number of policies.

CAR_TYPE (0-1 dummy variables) Type of car : (base) Panel Truck, (2) Pickup,(3) Sedan, (4) Sports Car, (5) SUV, (6) Van

RED_CAR Whether the color of the car is (2) car or (1) not.

REVOLKED Whether the policyholder's license was (2) revoked in the past or (1) not.

MVR_PTS Number of motor vehicle record points.

CLM_FLAG Whether there was a claim or not.

AGE Age.

HOMEKIDS Number of children at home.

YOJ Year of job.

INCOME Annual income.

GENDER Gender of policyholder : (1) female or (2) male.

MARRIED Whether the policyholder is (2) married or (1) not.

PARENT1 Whether (2) the policyholder grew up in a single-parent family or (1) not.

JOBCLASS (0-1 dummy variables) Job class of policyholder: (base) Unknown, (2) Blue Collar, (3) Clerical, (4) Doctor, (5) Home Maker, (6) Lawyer, (7) Manager, (8) Professional, (9) Student

MAX_EDUC (0-1 dummy variables) Maximal level of education of policyholder: (base) less than High School, (2) Bachelors, (3) High School, (4) Masters, (5) PhD.

HOME_VAL Value of home.

SAMEHOME Whether they grew up in the same home as their current home.

AREA (1) Rural or (2) urban area.

IN_YY Year.

bank_loans

Bank Loans

Description

Credit data from UCI Machine Learning Repository.

Usage

bank_loans

Format

data.frame, 41188 observations of 21 variables:

age age (numeric).

job type of job (categorical).

marital marital status (categorical).

education 'basic.4y', 'basic.6y', 'basic.9y', 'high.school', 'illiterate', 'professional.course', 'university.degree', 'unknown')

default has credit in default? (categorical).

housing has housing loan? (categorical).

loan has personal loan? (categorical).

contact contact communication type (categorical).

month last contact month of year (categorical).

day_of_week last contact day of the week (categorical).

duration last contact duration, in seconds (numeric). Important note - this attribute highly affects the output target (e.g., if duration=0 then y='no'). Yet, the duration is not known before a call is performed. Also, after the end of the call y is obviously known. Thus, this input should only be included for benchmark purposes and should be discarded if the intention is to have a realistic predictive model.

campaign number of contacts performed during this campaign and for this client (numeric, includes last contact)

pdays number of days that passed by after the client was last contacted from a previous campaign (numeric; 999 means client was not previously contacted).

previous number of contacts performed before this campaign and for this client (numeric).

poutcome outcome of the previous marketing campaign (categorical).

emp.var.rate employment variation rate.

cons.price.idx consumer price index.

cons.conf.idx consumer confidence index.

euribor3m euribor 3 month rate.

nr.employed number of employees.

y has the client subscribed a term deposit?

bike_sharing_demand	<i>Bike sharing demand</i>
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Description

bike sharing demand dataset

Usage

bike_sharing_demand

Format

data.frame, 17376 observations of 10 variables:

season Season. 1 - winter, 2 - spring, 3 - summer, 4 - fall.

year Year. 0 - 2011, 1 - 2012

hour Hour.

holiday Whether the day is a holiday.

weekday Day of the week.

weathersit Weather situation. 1 - clear of partly cloudy, 2 - mist, 3 - rain or snow.

temp Normalized temperature in Celsius. The values are derived via $(t - t_{\min}) / (t_{\max} - t_{\min})$, $t_{\min} = -9$, $t_{\max} = +39$.

humidity Normalized humidity. The values are divided by 100 (max).

windspeed Normalized windspeed. The values are divided by 67 (max).

bikes_per_hour Count of rental bikes in each hour.

boston

Boston

Description

Boston housing data set

Usage

boston

Format

data.frame, 506 observations of 14 variables:

crim per capita crime rate by town.

zn proportion of residential land zoned for lots over 25,000 sq.ft.

indus proportion of non-retail business acres per town.

chas Charles River dummy variable (= 1 if tract bounds river; 0 otherwise).

nox nitrogen oxides concentration (parts per 10 million).

rm average number of rooms per dwelling.

age proportion of owner-occupied units built prior to 1940.

dis weighted mean of distances to five Boston employment centers.

rad index of accessibility to radial highways.

tax full-value property-tax rate per \$10,000.

ptratio pupil-teacher ratio by town.

black $1000(Bk - 0.63)^2$ where Bk is the proportion of blacks by town.

lstat lower status of the population (percent).

medv median value of owner-occupied homes in \$1000s.

customer_phone_calls *Customer Phone Calls*

Description

Data used on June 18, 2020 Exam PA

Usage

customer_phone_calls

Format

data.frame, 10000 observations of 14 variables:

age Age of the prospective customer. Integer from 17 to 98.

job Occupation category. Factor with 11 levels.

marital Marital status. Factor with levels divorced, married, and single

housing Indicates whether the prospect has a housing loan. Factor with levels yes and no.

loan Indicates whether the prospect has a consumer loan. Factor with levels yes and no.

phone The type of phone the prospect uses. Factors with levels cellular and landline.

month The month of the marketing call. Factor with 12 levels.

weekday The day of the week of the marketing call. Factor with five levels.

CPI Consumer price index at the time of the call. Numeric from 92.20 to 94.77.

CCI Consumer confidence index at the time of the call. Numeric from -50.8 to -26.9.

irate Short term interest rate at the tie of the call. Numeric from 0.634 to 5.045.

employment Number of employees of ABC Insurance at the time of the call. Numeric from 4964 to 5228.

purchase Indicator of purchase. Integer (1 for purchase, or 0 for no purchase.)

edu_years Years of education. Integer from 1 to 16.

customer_value *Customer Value*

Description

Customer value data set from December 2019 PA

Usage

customer_value

Format

data.frame, 48842 observations of 8 variables:

age Age of the prospective policyholder. Integer from 17 - 90

education_num Indicator of the amount of education - it is not the number of years of education, but a higher number does mean more years. Integer from 1 to 16.

marital_status For married, AF means alternative form while civ means civil. Factor with seven levels.

occupation Occupations have been grouped into five categories. There is no indication regarding what they mean. A sixth group represents cases where the occupation is unknown. Factor with six levels.

cap_gain Capital gains recorded on investments. Integer from 0 to 99,999.

hours_per_week Number of hours worked per week. Integer from 1 to 99

score A proprietary "insurance score" developed by MEB. Real number with two decimal places.

value_flag Indicator a policy holder being High or Low value. Factor with two levels.

exam_pa_titanic

Exam PA Titanic

Description

Titanic passengers as used in ExamPA.net's practice exam

Usage

exam_pa_titanic

Format

data.frame, 906 observations of 11 variables:

passengerid Passenger id

survived Survived Y/N

pclass Ticket class

name Name

sex male, female

age Age

sibsp # of siblings

parch # of parents or children aboard the Titanic.

ticket Number fare

fare Cost of ticket.

embarked Port of Embarkation. C = Cherbourg, Q = Queenstown, S = Southampton.

health_insurance	<i>Health insurance</i>
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Description

Health insurance claims as used in ExamPA.net's Practice Exam. The data set consists of prior year's health insurance claims, along with patient demographic information, from Freedom Health.

Usage

health_insurance

Format

data.frame, 1338 observations of 7 variables:

age Age of policy holder.

sex M or F.

bmi Body Mass Index: weight divided by height.

children Number of children.

smoker Smoker status. Yes or No.

region Geographic region.

charges Annual medical claims for this policy.

june_pa	<i>June_pa</i>
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Description

Auto crash data set from SOA June 2019 PA

Usage

june_pa

Format

data.frame, 23137 observations of 14 variables:

Crash_Score Measure the extent of the crash using factors such as number of injuries and fatalities, the number of vehicles involved, and other factors. A positive number with two decimal places.

year Calendar year of the crash. Integer 2014 - 2019.

Month Calendar month of the crash. Integer 1 - 12 (1 = January, 12 = December.)

- Time_of_Day** Time of day, on 4-hour blocks. Integer 1 - 6 (1 = midnight to 4am, 6 = 8pm to midnight.)
- Rd_Feature** Special features of the road where the crash occurred. NONE = no special feature, INTERSECTION = the meeting of at least two roads, RAMP = exit or entrance ramp to a controlled access road, DRIVEWAY = entrance to home of business, OTHER.
- Rd_Character** Description of the road where the crash occurred. STRAIGHT-LEVEL = no curves or hills, STRAIGHT-GRADE = no curves, but on a hill (up or down), STRAIGHT-OTHER, CURVE-LEVEL = on a curve but no hill, CURVE-GRADE = on a curve and on a hill, CURVE-OTHER, OTHER.
- Rd_Class** Classification of the road type. STATE HWY = maintained by the state government, US HWY = maintained by the federal government.
- Rd_Configuration** Design of the road. TWO-WAY-PROTECTED-MEDIAN = traffic in both directions, separated with a barrier, TWO-WAY-UNPROTECTED-MEDIAN = separated but with no barrier, TWO-WAY-NO-MEDIAN = no separation, ONE-WAY, UNKNOWN.
- Rd_Surface** Material used for the road surface. SMOOTH ASPHALT, COARSE ASPHALT, CONCRETE, GROOVED CONCRETE, OTHER.
- Rd_Conditions** Condition of the road. DRY, WET, ICE-SNOW-SLUSH, OTHER.
- Light** Lighting. DAYLIGHT, DARK-NOT-LIT = no street lamps in area, DARK-LIT, DUSK, DAWN, OTHER.
- Weather** Weather conditions. CLEAR, RAIN, CLOUDY, SNOW, OTHER.
- Traffic_Control** Any items that control traffic flow. SIGNAL = lighted stop/go signal, STOP-SIGN, YIELD, NONE, OTHER.
- Work_Area** Whether the crash in a work area? YES/NO

patient_length_of_stay

Patient Length of Stay

Description

Data used on June 16, 2020 Exam PA

Usage

patient_length_of_stay

Format

data.frame, 10000 observations of 13 variables:

days Number of days between admission into and discharge from hospital. Integer 1 - 14.

gender Patient gender. Male or Female.

age Patient age (in 10-year age bands). [0, 10), [10, 20), ..., [90, 100)

- race** patient race. AfricanAmerican, Asian, Caucasian, Hispanic, Other.
- weight** Patient weight (in 25-pound weight bands). [0, 25), [25, 50), [175, 200)
- admit_type_id** Identifier corresponding to the type of hospital admission. 1 = Emergency, 2 = Urgent, 3 = Elective, 4 = Not Available.
- metformin** Indicates whether upon admission, metformin was prescribed or there was a change in the dosage. Up = dosage was increased, Down = dosage was decreased, Steady = dosage did not change, No = drug was not prescribed.
- insulin** Indicates whether upon admission, insulin was prescribed or there was a change in the dosage. Up = dosage was increased, Down = dosage was decreased, Steady = dosage did not change, No = drug was not prescribed.
- readmitted** Indicates whether patient had been readmitted after an inpatient stay in the twelve months preceding the encounter. <30 = patient was readmitted in less than 30 days, >30 = patient was readmitted in more than 30 days, No = no record of readmission.
- num_procs** Number of procedures performed in the twelve months preceding the encounter. Integer 0 - 6.
- num_meds** Number of distinct medications administered in the twelve months preceding the encounter. Integer 1 - 67.
- num_ip** Number of the inpatient visits of the patient in the twelve months preceding the encounter. Integer 0 -21.
- num_diags** Number of diagnoses entered to the system in the twelve months preceding the encounter. Integer 1 - 16.

patient_num_labs	<i>Patient Number of Labs</i>
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Description

Data used on June 19, 2020 Exam PA

Usage

patient_num_labs

Format

data.frame, 10000 observations of 14 variables:

- age** Age of prospective customer. Integer from 17 to 98.
- job** Occupation category. Factor with 11 levels.
- marital** Marital status. Factor with levels divorced, married, and single
- housing** Indicates whether the prospect has a housing loan. Factor with levels no, yes.
- loan** Indicates whether the prospect has a consumer loan. Factor with levels no, yes.
- phone** The type of phone the prospect uses. Factor with levels cellular, landline.

month The month of the marketing call. Factor with 12 levels.

weekday The day of the week of the marketing call. Factor with five levels.

CPI Consumer price index at the time of the call. Numeric from 92.20 to 94.77.

CCI Consumer confidence index at the time of the call. Numeric from -50.8 to -26.9.

irate Short term interest rate at the tie of the call. Numeric from 0.634 to 5.045.

employment Number of employees of ABC Insurance at the time of the call. Numeric from 4964 to 5228.

purchase Indicator of purchase. Integer (1 for purchase, or 0 for no purchase.)

edu_years Years of education. Integer from 1 to 16.

pedestrian_activity *Pedestrian activity*

Description

pedestrian activity dataset

Usage

pedestrian_activity

Format

data.frame, 11373 observations of 7 variables:

pedestrians The count of pedestrians during one hour starting at the indicated time.

weather Hourly weather condition, eleven categories.

temperature Hourly temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

precipitation Hourly precipitation in inches.

hour Time at beginning of the measuring hour.

weekday Day of the week.

temp_forecast Predicted daily average temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

readmission

Readmission

Description

SOA Hospital Readmissions Sample Exam, 2019.

Usage

readmission

Format

data.frame, 66782 observations of 9 variables:

Readmission.Status The target variable, it is 1 for patients that were readmitted, 0 otherwise.

Gender M indicates male, F indicates female.

Race There are four categories: Black, Hispanic, Others, White.

ER The number of emergency room visits prior to the hospital stay associated with the readmission, an integer.

DRG.Class Diagnostic Related Group classification. There are three categories: MED (for medical), SURG (for surgical), UNGROUP.

LOS Length of hospital stay in days, an integer.

Age The patient's age in years, an integer. (Note that while most Medicare recipients are age 65 or older there are circumstances in which those under 65 can receive benefits.)

HCC.Riskscore Hierarchical Condition Category risk score. It is designed to be an estimate of a patient's condition and prospective costs. It is a continuous variable, rounded to three decimal places. Higher numbers indicate greater risk.

DRG.Complication Complications, with five levels: MedicalMCC.CC, MedicalNoc, Other, SurgMCC.CC, SurgNoC, MCC.CC complications or comorbidities that may be major. NoC means no complications or comorbidities.

student_success

Student Success

Description

SOA Student Success PA Sample Project, 2019.

Usage

student_success

Format

data.frame, 585 observations of 33 variables:

school student's school (binary: GP (Grand Pines) or MHS (Marble Hill School)).

sex student's sex (binary: female or male).

age student's age (numeric: from 15 to 22).

address student's home address type (binary: U (Urban) or R (Rural)).

famsize family size (binary: GT3 (>3) or LE3 (<3)).

Pstatus parent's status (binary: A (Apart) or T (Together)).

Medu mother's education (numeric from 0 - 4. 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 - 5th to 9th grade, 3 - secondary education (high school), or 4 - higher education (college)).

Fedu father's education. (numeric from 0 - 4. 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 - 5th to 9th grade, 3 - secondary education (high school), or 4 - higher education (college)).

Mjob mother's job (nominal, teacher, health (health care related), services (civil services, administrative or police), at_home, or other)

Fjob father's job (nominal, teacher, health (health care related), services (civil services, administrative or police), at_home, or other)

reason reason to choose school (nominal: home (close to home), reputation (school reputation), course (course preference), other).

guardian student's guardian (nominal: mother, father, or other).

traveltime home to school travel time (numeric: 1 - < 15 min, 2 - 15 to 30 min, 3 - 30 min to 1 hour, or 4 - > 1 hour).

studytime weekly study time (numeric: 1 - < 2 hour, 2 - 2 to 5 hours, 3 - 5 to 10 hours, or 4 - > 10 hours).

failures number of past class failures (numeric: n if $0 \leq n < 3$, else 3).

schoolsup extra educational support (binary: yes or no).

famsup extra family supplement (binary: yes or no).

paid extra paid classes (binary: yes or no).

activities extra-curricular activities (binary: yes or no).

nursery attended nursery school (binary: yes or no).

higher wants to take higher education (binary: yes or no).

internet internet access at home (binary: yes or no).

romantic has a romantic relationship (binary: yes or no).

famrel quality of family relationships (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - very excellent).

freetime free time after school (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high).

goout going out with friends (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)

Dalc weekday alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high).

Walc weekend alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high).

health current health status (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - very good).

absences number of school absences (numeric: from 0 to 75).

G1 first trimester grade (numeric: from 0 to 20).

G2 second trimester grade (numeric: from 0 to 20).

G3 third trimester grade (numeric: from 0 to 20).

travel_insurance	<i>Travel insurance data</i>
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Description

The travel insurance dataset.

Usage

travel_insurance

Format

data.frame, 10000 observations of 7 variables:

Distance Distance traveled in trip, in km

Duration Number of nights spent on trip

Reason Main reason for the trip. Vacation includes holiday, leisure, or recreation. Visit includes visiting friends or relatives.

Age Age of adult survey respondent in six age bins. 1: 19-24, 2: 25-34, 3: 35-44, 4: 45-54, 5: 55-64, 6: 65+

Others Number of other persons that accompanied the respondent on the trip

Mode Main mode of transportation, car or plane

Cost Total spending on trip, in Canadian \$

travel_spending	<i>Travel spending data</i>
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Description

The travel spending dataset.

Usage

travel_spending

Format

data.frame, 4884 observations of 11 variables:

Q Calendar quarter of trip

ProvO Trip province of origin

Distance Distance traveled in trip, in km

Duration Number of nights spent on trip

Reason Main reason for the trip. Vacation includes holiday, leisure, or recreation. Visit includes visiting friends or relatives.

Age Age of adult survey respondent in six age bins

Gender Gender of adult survey respondent

HHI Household income, in Canadian \$

Others Number of other persons that accompanied the respondent on the trip

Mode Main mode of transportation, car or plane

Cost Total spending on trip, in Canadian \$

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